





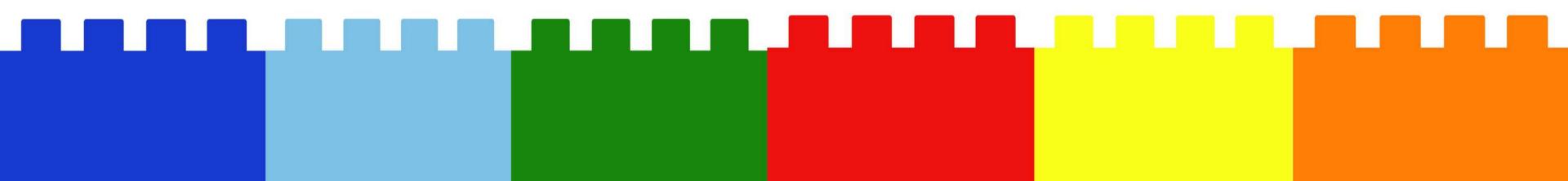
Week 10



SIX BRICKS Teacher Support Activities

Term 1 – Week 1

View the next page below!











Mathematics

Patterns, functions and algebra:

Copy and extend:

Simple patterns using physical objects

Repeated patterns

- copy it.
- Ask the learners to extend the pattern.
- reads from left to right.
- sounds.
- Copy each other's patterns.

• Teacher creates a pattern using 3 bricks and asks the learners to

• In pairs; work with a partner to create an interesting pattern that

• Transfer the visual pattern to sound - use your body to make those





Mathematics

Numbers, operations and relationships:

• Describe, compare and order objects up • to 20.

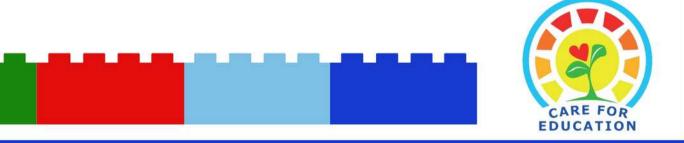
Counting forward and backward

- front of you.
- places.
- backward 12th to 1st.

Line up your Six Bricks, short-end to short-end horizontally on your desk in

Ask learners to count forward from left to right using their index finger, touching each brick as they go. Then count backwards from 6th to 1st. Ask learners to put their fingers on the first and the last brick and swop their

Ask learners to move the third brick forward and the second brick backward. In pairs; learners combine their bricks and count forward from left to right and





Mathematics

Numbers operations and relationship:

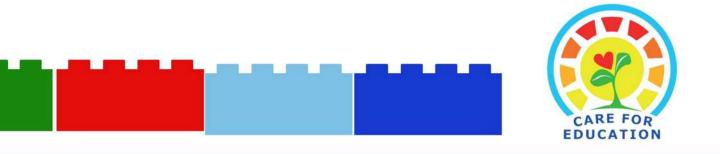
• Number concept development: Count physical objects.

Let us count body parts

- Learners pick their favourite colour brick.
- altogether in groups of 6 (12).
- sets of Six Bricks.

• Let's count. Touch each item and see how many you have. E.g. how many eyes? Tap-twice. Do this with eyes, shoes, ears, buttons. • In groups of 6. Let us count the total number of eyes we have

• Together, the learners build a tower using the two from each of their





Mathematics

Data Handling:

- Collect and organize objects
- Analyse and interpret data

Repeating patterns

- open your eyes.
- you and form a colour group.
- Count each of the bricks one by one.
- number.

• Close your eyes and shuffle your bricks around; pick up one brick and

• Look around the room and find friends that have the same colour brick as

• In groups, learners estimate (guess) how many there are in a group.

• What is the difference between the estimated number and the actual



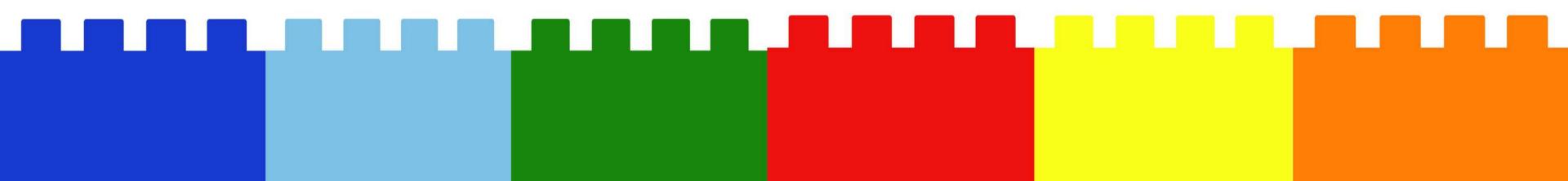




SIX BRICKS Teacher Support Activities

Term 1 – Week 2

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Week 2 I **TERM 1**

Life Skills

Beginning Knowledge and Personal and Social well-being:

• Healthy living

Healthy foods

- Teacher shows children pictures of different foods.
- need to sort and place on the corresponding desk.
- Pictures of junk food can be thrown inside the dustbin.

• Teacher discusses with the children about healthy and unhealthy food.

• Teacher places Six Bricks on 6 different tables; green brick for

vegetables and fruits, red brick for protein, yellow brick for dairy,

orange brick for grains and carbohydrates and blue brick for water.

• In groups, children get a pile of pictures of different foods which they







Life Skills

Beginning Knowledge and **Personal & Social wellbeing:**

Creative arts

We are all different

- different.
- Ask the children to pick up their favourite colour brick.
- to use extra materials.
- Encourage each child to share who their friend is and what makes them special.

• Discuss with the class about what makes us special, and what make us

• Let them look around and identify who has the same brick as they do (who is the same) and who has the different brick (who is different to me). Discuss with the children about what makes a good friend.

• Ask the children to use their bricks to build a friend; encourage them





Life Skills

Beginning Knowledge and Personal and Social well being:

- Myself and others
- Emotional health, and relationships with other people and our environment.

Build a friend

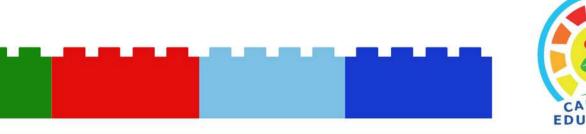
- Read a poem about a friend.
- Briefly discuss the qualities of a good friend. •
- •
- your friend.

Build your friend and add some extra materials to dress your friend.

• What is your friend's name; where does he/she live; what kind of

person is your friend? See questions in Workbook page 10.

Make up a funny poem about you friend and write a sentence about





Life Skills

Beginning Knowledge and Personal and Social wellbeing:

- Feelings
- Emotional health, and relationships with other people and our environment.

How do I feel today

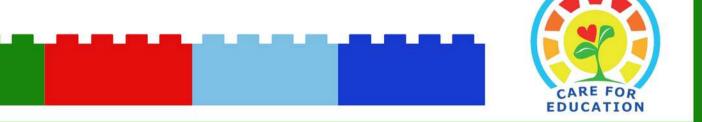
- Each colour represents a feeling: orange=proud.
- classroom.
- ٠ and show the colour brick.

dark blue=sorry, light blue=sad, green=afraid, yellow=happy, red=angry

Each child picks a brick to describe how they feel as they walk into the

Pair up, show your friend a "feeling-face". Guess what they are feeling

• Can you imitate all the feelings? Can you collect all the feelings?

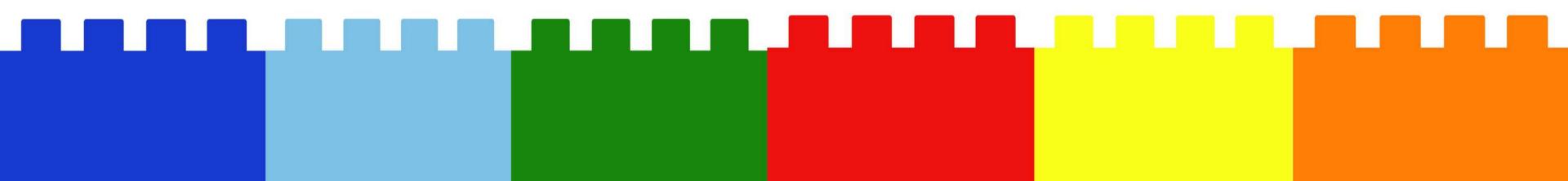




SIX BRICKS Teacher Support Activities

Term 1 – Week 3

View the next page below!











Grade R

Language

Listening and Speaking:

• Names and points to parts of the body.

Handwriting:

• Develops eye-hand coordination by placing, e.g. catching and throwing.

My Body

- Build a cube with your Six Bricks.
- hand; on your foot.
- Where else on your body can you balance the cube?
- What other tricks can your body do with the cube?
- Throw the cube up into the air and catch it again. Can you do it 5 times?

• Balance the cube on your head; on your shoulder; on the back of one

 Hold the cube behind your back/in front of you while you twist it forwards and backwards; at your side; between your knees.







Language

Listening and Speaking:

- Listens to instructions and responds appropriately
- Uses term: capital letter

Phonics:

• Identifies letter-sound relationships of single letter: s

Handwriting:

Copies and writes short words

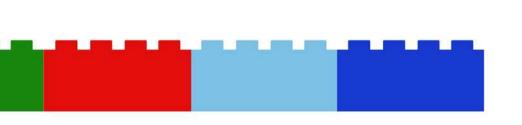
Playing Together

- Work with your partner and combine your bricks.
- "s".
- Now using your bricks, build a snake that can move. •
- •
- attach it to your snake.

Build a big "s" shape and run your finger along the shape to feel the

Give your snake a name that starts with a capital letter "S".

Ask the teacher to write the name on a piece of paper, copy it, and







Language Listening and Speaking:

- Listens to a complex sequence of instructions and responds appropriately.
- Make up own rhymes

Paired reading:

• Reads aloud to a partner

Handwriting:

Copies and writes different formats of writing

Important Dates

- Work with a partner and combine your bricks.
- can find.
- everyone the birthday cake you have made.

Build a birthday cake for a friend. Decorate it with any materials that you

Make up a special birthday song that you can sing when you show

• Write a birthday message for your friend. Read it to your partner.







3 Week **TERM 1**

Language

Listening and Speaking:

- Listens for the main idea and for detail in stories and answers open-ended questions
- Expresses feelings about a text and gives reasons.
- Tells a short story with a simple plot and different characters.

A Strange Visitor at our School

- 30.
- (Bongi; Sam; teacher; goat; dog).
- the story.
- Make sure you retell the story in the right sequence. •

• Work in groups of 5. All read a story on DBE Eng Workbook 1 page

Each learner in a group builds one of the characters in the story.

• Using your models as props, retell the story, acting out the events of

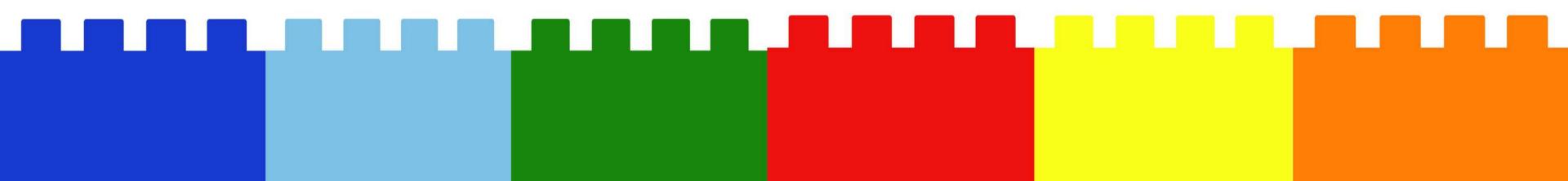




SIX BRICKS Teacher Support Activities

Term 1 – Week 4

View the next page below!











Grade R

Mathematics

Space and Shape (Geometry):

Symmetry: Recognise symmetry in own body

3-D Objects:

- Recognise and name 3-D objects: box shape
- Use 3-D objects to construct

My Body

- Build a cube with your Six Bricks.
- Hold the cube next to your right ear/next to your left ear.
- Hold the cube on your right knee/on your left knee.
- Hold your cube on your right foot/on your left foot.
- Balance the cube on your right/left shoulder.
- Break the cube up into loose bricks.
- Build the shape that you see on page 14 of DBE Workbook.









Mathematics

Numbers, operations and relationships:

Count with whole numbers: Count concrete objects

Number Symbols and Number Names:

• Recognise, identify and reads number symbol.

Describe, compare and order numbers: • Use ordinal numbers to show order, place or position.

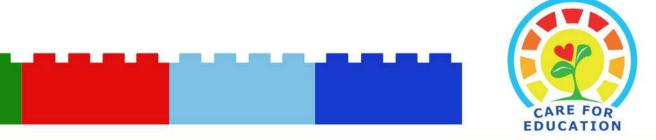
- colour.
- indicate the position arrange that brick differently.
- the bricks.

Positions and Numbers

• Arrange the class into groups of 6; each learner takes 6 bricks of one

• Do the activity in the DBE ENG Numeracy Workbook 1 page: 12 • Now arrange your bricks to show the position of each animal, e.g. stack all bricks on top of each other the same way, except for where you want to

• Gather your own colours back again and build the number 4 with your bricks. • Play with 4 bricks – see how many different combinations you can make with





Mathematics

Numbers, operations and relationships:

Count with whole numbers:

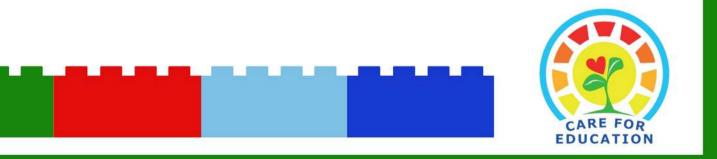
- Count concrete objects
- Count forward and backwards

Solve problems in context:

 Repeated addition leading to multiplication

Repeated addition of 2

- Work in groups of four and combine your bricks.
- Make groups of 2 with all the bricks.
- Count in 2s to see how many bricks there are.
- Use the groups of 2 bricks to work out the answers to the number sentences in DBE Numeracy Workbook 1 page: 60 and 61.







Mathematics

Measurement:

Length: informal measuring: estimate, measure, compare, order and record length using non-standard measures.

Measuring Length

- bricks; give your tool a special name.
- record your estimation and your measurement.

4

• Work with a partner to design and build a measuring tool with your

• Teacher gives each pair of learners a task card in which they have to measure the length of certain items in and around the classroom. Estimate before you measure using your measuring tool and then

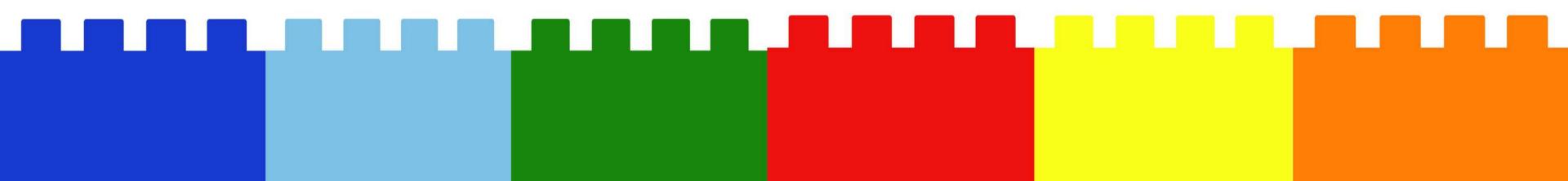




SIX BRICKS Teacher Support Activities

Term 1 – Week 5

View the next page below!











Grade R

Life Skills

Beginning Knowledge and Personal and Social Wellbeing:

• Healthy Living: Good basic hygiene practices.

Creative arts:

• Creates and constructs 3D.

Healthy Living

- Teacher ask learners to choose their favourite colour brick. •
- Teacher reveals that each colour has a specific topic around good hygiene.
- washing regularly and green = cleaning teeth.
- In groups learners discuss about the topic they chose. •
- •

• Teacher explains the different topics and asks learners to choose one topic. E.g. yellow = healthy food, red = good toilet habits, orange =

Learners may build something using their bricks with their combined

groups that represent their topic and can be placed on the theme table.





Life Skills

Physical Education:

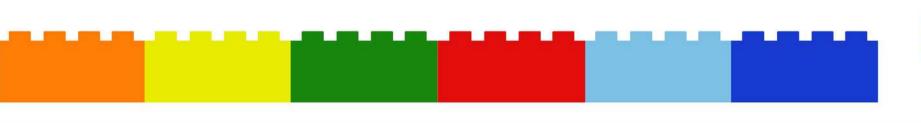
• Rhymes and sings while performing body actions.

Creative Arts:

• Locomotor movements: Walking, skipping and running.

Let's sing and dance

- Pretend you are singers on a TV show.
- Make up a song and dance.
- Treat the other groups to a show.



• Learners work in pairs to build a microphone using their Six Bricks.





Life Skills

Beginning Knowledge and Personal and Social well-being:

• Everyone is special

Writing:

• Writes about personal experiences.

The people around us

- Learners work in small groups and combine all their bricks.
- Teacher selects one learner to start; the selected learner covers their eyes and ears.
- The rest of the group work together in secret to build a special gift for their peer.
- Learners swap roles until each learner has had a chance to receive a special gift.
- Learners individually write a few sentences about the gift they received.





Life Skills

Beginning Knowledge and Personal and Social wellbeing:

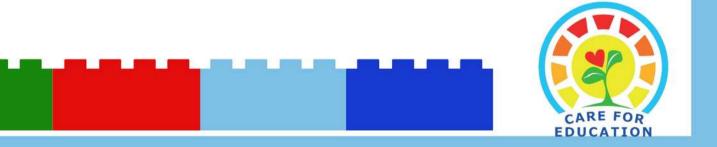
About me: feelings

Looking after myself

- Teacher assigns an emotion to each colour brick for the day.
- blue = sadness, etc.
- feeling in their body language.

• Children remember the association e.g., red = anger, yellow = happiness,

• Teacher holds up any brick and the learners show the expression or

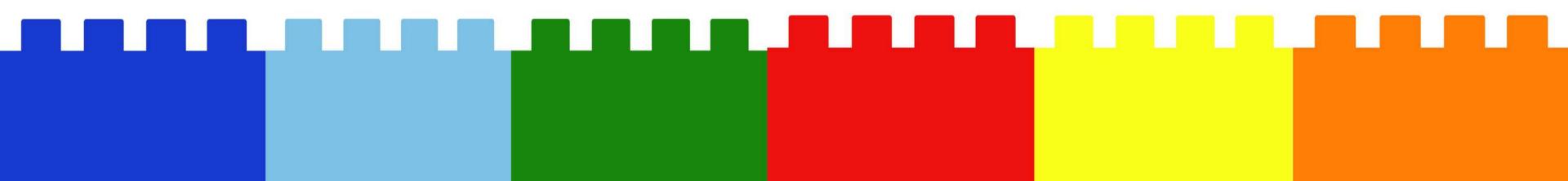




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Term 1 – Week 6

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Grade R

Language

Listening and Speaking:

• Participates in discussions and asks questions.

Phonics:

• Begins to recognise that words are made up of sounds, e.g. the beginning letter of their name.

Build the first letter of your name

- Look at your name tag and trace the first letter of your name.
- Use your Six Bricks and build the first letter of your name.
- letter as yours? Do your models look the same?
- All those whose names start with the same letter get into groups.
- has the same beginning letter as your name?

Look around the classroom; is there anybody else who has the same first

• Which models look the same; is there anything else in the classroom that







Language

Listening and Speaking:

Builds some conceptual vocabulary; follow a short sequence of instructions.

Shape and Space:

Recognise and match different views of the same object.

The Letter "D"

- upside down, etc.).
- brick at the top.
- as the one at the top.
- together.

• Teacher places one of her bricks down in a certain way (at an angle,

• Below the brick, the teacher places the remaining bricks in a row in different ways, one brick in a row must be placed in the same way as the

• Learners look at the bricks and decide which one is positioned the same

Learners then work with a partner and take turns to do the activity





Language

Listening and Speaking:

 Follows a short sequence of instruction.

Exercise and Sport

- Work with a partner.
- •
- in order to complete the butterfly.

- learner 2 listens and follow instructions and builds.

Learner 1 must use all their Six Bricks to build half a butterfly.

• Learner 2 must use all his/her Six Bricks to mirror what their friend built

• Learners check their models, discussing similarities and differences. • In groups of six, three learners build half of something (e.g. a house) using 18 bricks, and the remaining three learners must mirror their build. • Learner 1 explains to learner 2 how to build a person using the bricks;







FERM 1 - Week 6

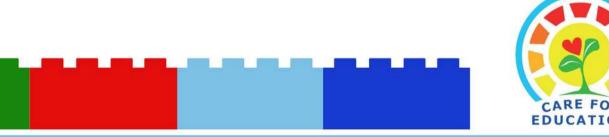
Language

Listening and Speaking:

Follows a short sequence of instructions, gives simple instructions.

Crack the Code

- The teacher hides a treasure inside or outside the classroom.
- Teacher draws a map/set of instructions of how to find the treasure.
- A code using Six Bricks must accompany the map.
- E.g. red brick = move forward, orange brick = move back, dark blue brick
 - = turn left, yellow brick = turn right, green brick = tag another team member in and light blue = count out to 100 before you proceed.
- Group members read out the instructions and follow the map/set of instructions.

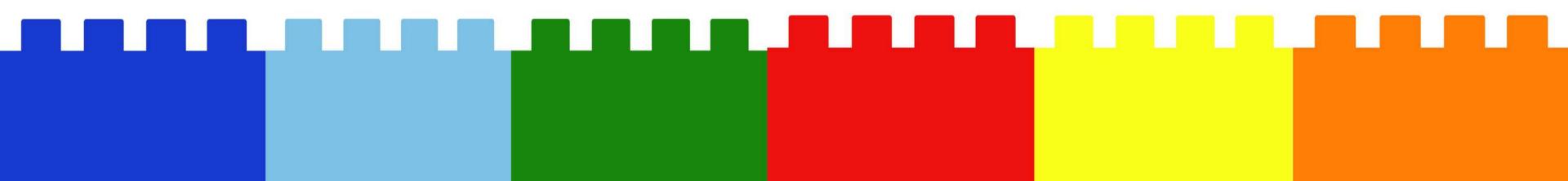




SIX BRICKS Teacher Support Activities

Term 1 – Week 7

View the next page below!











Grade R

Mathematics

Numbers, Operations and **Relationships:**

• Counting up to 10

DBE Workbook 1 - page 57

Fun Picture

- partner.
- of the same colour.
- picture.

. Ask the learners to work in pairs and look at the picture on their workbook. Let them discuss what is happening in the picture with their

 Ask learners to match their Six Bricks to the transport vehicles shown on the picture by colour and let them place the colour brick on the vehicle

• Let them then count the total number of wheels each vehicle has. · Challenge the learners to count all the wheels they can see in the









Mathematics

Numbers, operations and Relationships:

 Counting and building objects together

Building towers

- Learners work in small groups of 4, bringing all their sets of Six Bricks together.
- the first brick facing to the left and the next one facing to the right.
- Learners must first predict if their tower will be able to stand if they build this way before starting to build.

• Ask the learners to work together in building a tower using all their Six Bricks. • The tower must be built short-side to long-side of the Six Bricks, starting with the short side, using up all their bricks. The brick studs must alternate, with

• Ask the learners to count if they had used up all their bricks for their tower.







Mathematics

Numbers, Operations and **Relationships**:

 Grouping of pairs of objects in groups

Multiplication

- ۲
- their bricks in total.
- the groupings.

Learners work individually with their own set of Six Bricks. Ask the learners to place all their bricks on their table with studs facing up. They should then count the number of stud pairs on all

Ask the learners to group pairs of studs in 4 groups of 2, 5 groups of 2, 6 groups of 2.7 groups. 8 groups, 9 groups, 11 groups and 12, and count and write down the total of how many studs in each of







Mathematics

Numbers, Operations and relationship:

Matching shapes with fractions

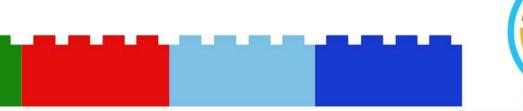
Fractions

- . next to each other, with studs facing up.
- . to identify how many pairs of studs there are on the brick.
- of studs and write down the fraction -4/4.

Learners work individually with **one** of their Six Bricks on their table

Ask the learners to count the number of studs each brick has. Ask them

• You can then ask the learners to now work on their own to cover 2 pairs of studs and write down the resulting fraction -2/4, and then follow with covering 3 pairs $-\frac{3}{4}$, and write it down. Lastly, they cover all four pairs



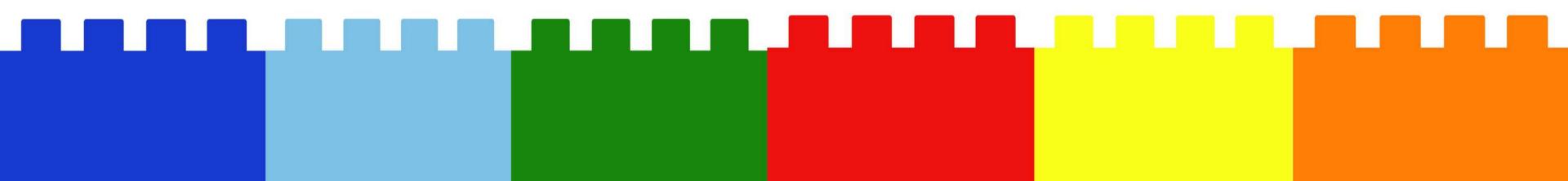




SIX BRICKS Teacher Support Activities

Term 1 – Week 8

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Grade R

Week 8 TER

Life Skills

Beginning knowledge, personal and social well-being:

My Body •

Language

Listening and speaking:

Names and points to body parts

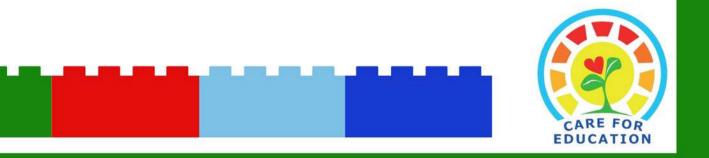
My Body

- Sing a song, Head, Shoulders, Knees and Toes.
- E.g. head = green, shoulders = red, etc.
- assigned to.



• Learners decide which colour bricks to assign to different body parts.

• Teacher holds the colour brick, and the learners pick up the same colour brick while pointing to and naming the body part of which the brick is





60 ~ Wee **TERM 1**

Life Skills

Beginning knowledge, personal and social well-being:

The weather I like

The weather I like

- your favourite weather.

• Teacher and the learners discuss about the weather they like most. • Pick up the brick/bricks that best describe your favourite weather. • Find friends in the classroom that like the same weather as you. · Group yourselves together and build something you like to do during





Life Skills

Beginning knowledge, personal and social wellbeing:

• Perishable and non-perishable products

Perishable foods & perishable products

- rotting.
- kept cold.
- flies and ants.
- cabinet.

Learners discuss items that need to be kept cool to prevent them from

• Choose the foods that can be kept in a cabinet without needing to be

• In groups build perishable and non-perishable food using your bricks. • Talk about ways in which we can protect food against insects such as

• Cut out pictures from page 31 DBE workbook 1 and paste them to the







Life Skills

Beginning knowledge, personal and social wellbeing:

• Rights and responsibilities

Rights and responsibilities

- Workbook page 22)
- the classroom.
- Learners write down the rules of the classroom.

• Teacher discusses the rights and responsibilities of children.

• In groups, tell each other what rules the children are breaking.(see DBE

• Use a green brick for good rules and a red brick for the poor rules in

• Play a game where each learner acts out a good rule or a bad rule, and other learners place the brick on the board to represent the rule.

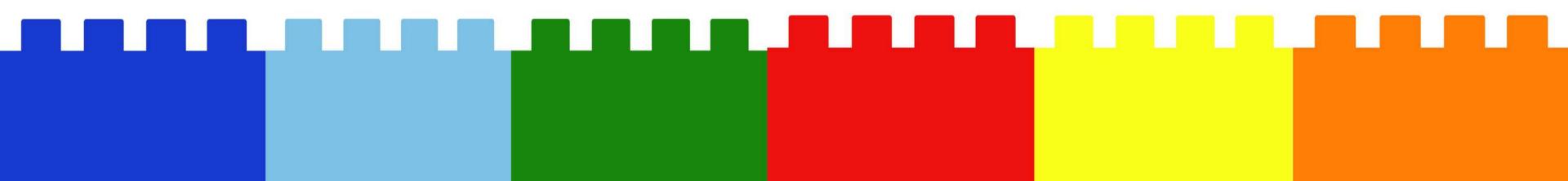




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Term 1 – Week 9

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Grade R

Language

Listening and Speaking:

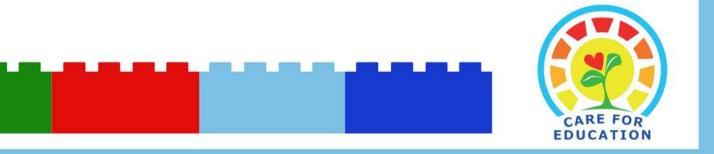
- Listens without interrupting, taking turns to speak.
- Participates in discussions and asks questions
- Looks carefully at pictures and talks about common experiences

Healthy living

- Workbook page....)
- Using their bricks learners build models of different fruits.

• Learners work in small groups to look at the picture and associate their different colour bricks with the various fruits depicted. (see DBE

• Learners discuss the possible shape, texture, and taste of each fruit.





Language

Listening and Speaking:

- Participates in discussions, taking turns to speak and respecting others in the group.
- Sequences pictures of a story communicating through retelling the sequence of ideas.

Safety at home

- Learners work in pairs to match their bricks to page...)
- group.
- prompts.

corresponding coloured objects in the picture and make up a story about what is happening.(DBE Workbook

• Learners use their bricks to help them remember the sequence of their story when relating it to another

• Other learners retell the story using their bricks as





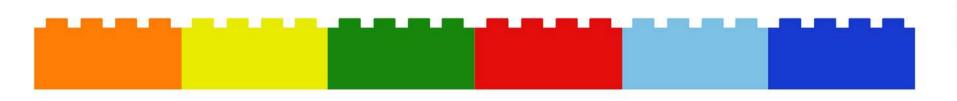
Language

Listening and Speaking:

• Listens without interrupting, showing respect for the speaker and taking turns to speak

We try to eat well

- colour bricks with what they see.
- their bricks.
- foods mentioned.
- Using their bricks, learners build models of healthy foods.



• In small groups learners look at the picture and associate their different

• Learners think of as many as possible healthy foods the colour of each of

• Learners discuss the possible shape, texture, and taste of the various







Language

Listening and Speaking:

• Listens without interrupting, showing respect for the speaker and asking questions for clarification.

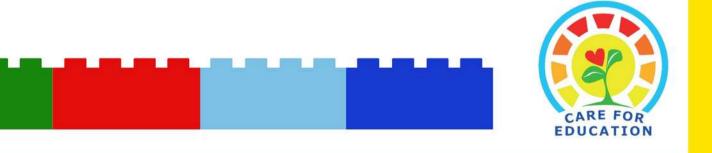
A family Story: 'The Clay Pot'

- to help them sequence the events.
- parts of the story.
- remember the sequence of events.

• In pairs, learners discuss the story and use their different colour bricks

• Each learner creates a story using their bricks to represent different

• Learners retell each other's stories using their bricks to help them

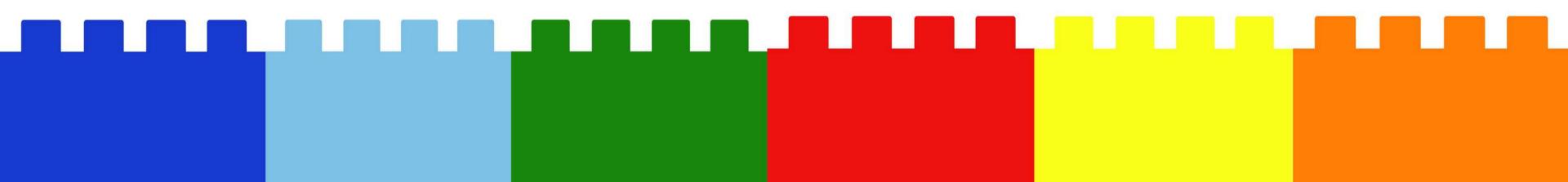




SIX BRICKS Teacher Support Activities

Term 1 – Week 10

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Happy Holidays



Thank you for being an amazing play champion



Play Champions

- "Education is the movement from
 - darkness to light"
 - -Allen Bloon-



